**HISTORY 1 UACE MARKING GUIDE**

**1. Examine the role of colonial education in the decolonization of Africa**

**Preamble.**

Double sided question. The candidate is expected to identify the ways in which colonial education aroused Africans against colonialism.

Other factors are required.

A good essay should have a stand point

**Points to consider**

Learnt how to read and write

High level of segregation in schools

Led to rise of elites

Africans got exposed to mass media and learn good governance practices elsewhere in the world.

The educated Africans were discriminated in employment

They were denied a chance in the governance of their own countries.

Many studied abroad and made anti-colonial alliances

NB candidates should not present the relief AFRICAN ELITES

**Other factors**

* European colonialism itself
* Role of independent African states
* Pan African movement since 1900
* First World War
* 1917 Russian revolution
* 1935 italo Ethiopian crisis
* World war II
* Atlantic charter of 1941
* Liberation of Ethiopia 1941
* Brazaville conference of 1944
* Victory of labour party 1945
* Formation of UNO
* The pan African congress of 1945 manchester
* Rise of super powers
* Urbanization in Africa.
* India’s independence
* Victory of the national party in south Africa
* Victory of the communist party in china
* Independence of Indonesia
* Egyptian revolution
* Mau-mau uprising
* Victory of the nethamese war of independence
* Algerian war of independence
* Bandug conference of 1955
* Independence of Ghana.

25 marks

**2. Account for the 1947 malagasy uprising**

The question is single and demands that the candidate identifies and explains the causes of the Malagasy uprising

**Points to consider**

* The war of independence started in 1947 led by Jaona Jiny and Dr. Reseta against the French colonialists and settlers.
* Desire for self rule
* Declaration of Malagasy as an oversea province in 1964
* Resentence of the French assimilation policy
* Economic exploitation of the French. –land factor
* The French repressive policies
* Creation of big plantations which increased the loss of land.
* Formation of radical political parties (MDRM) democracy movement of Malagasy renewal
* The French policy of forced labour
* Collaboration of the white settlers with the racist boers
* Denial/lack of education to the natives unfair representation in the French parliament
* Rejection of the Malagasy memorandum in paris
* Influence of the indonessian and uprising and Vietnamese war of independence.
* Effect of the second world war
* Poor working conditions
* Inspiration from earlier resistances such as Francohover war.

25mks

**3. Discuss the challenges Nyerere faced in implementing the UJAAMA policy in Tanzania**

**Approach**

The candidate is expected to give and explain the factors that failed the successful implementation of the Ujaama policy in Tanzania

**Points to consider**

* Background/definition of the ujaama policy
* Corruption among the officials implementing the policy
* Severe drought which led to crop failure
* Peasant attitude towards land
* Dictatorship
* Hostility from capitalist countries.
* The 1979 liberation war in Uganda
* Stiff resistance from the masses
* Lack of funds to foster the policy
* Less emphasis of industrialization lack of manpower due to neglect of higher education.
* Poor methods of farming
* Neo-colonialism
* Disunity in Tanzania
* Tanzania continued to borrow from china
* Natural calamities
* Continued low incomes
* Neo colonialism
* Resignation of Nyerere in 1935

Etc 25mks

4. Double sided question demanding for the successes and failures of Ghadafii’s foreign policy

Candidates should outline Ghadafi’s foreign policy

A good essay should have a stand point

**How successful was ghadafi in his foreign policy**

**Approach**

**Points to consider**

* Foreign policy
* Fight commission and capitalism
* Strengthen Libya in the Arab world, Africa and the whole world.
* Expand Libya’s oil market in the world
* Promote African unity (USA)
* Expand the boundaries of Libya geographically
* Fight colonialism and neo colonialism
* Make Libya popular
* End apartheid in south Africa
* Erase the state of isreal
* Spread islam

**Successes**

* Developed infrastructure in African states
* Strengthened islam in the arab world
* United moslems in the world
* Promoted African culture
* Fought coutnries that were against the Islamic religion
* Fought communism and capitalism
* Promoted trade and commerce in Africa
* Promoted military role in African countries
* Expanded Libya’s oil markets.
* Constructed mosave’s in African states
* Attempted to expand Libya’s boundaries into chad
* Promoted common understanding among the Africans.

**Failures**

* Failed to erase the state of isreal
* Failed to form a united states of Africa
* Failed to expand Libya’s borders
* Created enemity within the arabs league
* Failed to have total military rule in African states
* Failed to unite all Arabs in the world
* Failed to promote self dependence of the African continent

**5. Discuss the problems Rwanda faced between 1959 and 1994**

Candidates are expected to state and explain the problems that the Rwandese were faced with during this period.

**Points to consider**

* Viable background/introduction
* The refugee crisis and all the associated evils
* Discrimination by the government of Habyarimana
* Hotility between the Rwandese and their neighbours such as Burundi
* Shortages of land
* The genocide episode
* Poverty
* Famine
* Racial segregation
* Insecurity – civil war era
* Ignorance and illiteracy
* Destruction of propert and infrastructure
* Political discrimination
* Escalation of crisalism

25mks

**6. Examine the role of FW Declerk in the collapse of the apartheid policy in south Africa between 1989 and 1994**

**Preamble**

Candidate is expected to present the role of Declerk in the vapourisation of apartheid in south Africa.

Other factors that contributed to the collapse of apartheid are required.

A good essay should have a stand point

**7. How did the 1971 coup in Uganda responsible for the collapse of the east African community**

Candidates are expected to identify and explain the various ways in which the 1971 coup in Uganda negatively affected the community contributing to its collapse

**Points to consider**

* Background to the east African community and the 1971 coup in Uganda.
* Nyerere condemned Amin for overthrowing a legitimate government which worsened relations
* Kenyatta condemned Nyerere for interfering in the affairs of Uganda.
* The kagera incidence
* Nyerere aided rebel movements against Amin’s government
* Devaluation of Uganda’s currency which united trade transactions with the neignbhours and went for trade with Libya
* Amin’s threat to expand Uganda’s boundaries into Kenya.
* Nyerere’s refusal to sit with Amin in the EAC meetings.
* Amin’s dismissal of community workers from Uganda.
* Amin’s declaration of the economic war in Uganda in 1972 which made Kenya expel Ugandans.
* Tanzania’s expulsion of community workers

Etc 25mks

**8. Assess the impact of military rule in Ghana between 1972 and 1978**

**Approach**

The question is double sided demarking for the positive and negative effects of military rule in Ghana

A good essay must have a stand point

**Preamble**

The military came to power in 1972 under ignitius kutu Acheampong who overthrew the government of kofi Busia. He ruled Ghana until 1978 when overthrown by the lt general Fredrick Akuffo.

Points to consider

**Positive impact**

* Tried to fight corruption
* Government was able to settle external debts 35 million pounds out of 400 million
* Improved Ghana’s economy by revaluating the cedi
* Fought poverty by fixing prices of essential goods. Strongly condemned hoading and increasing of prices.
* The government lifted the ban on trade union activities.
* There was improvement in the welfare of workers through increasing salaries of the civil servants.
* Nationalization of major means of production reducing inequality
* Set up state farms to promote agriculture
* Promoted rural development
* Fought tribalism and nepotism in Ghana
* Acheopong took a military stand on colonialism and racism in Africa.
* Established diplomatic relations with socialist countries especially china
* Returned the body of Nkrumah and gave it a state burial

**Negative effects**

* Failed to manage the economy that experienced shortage of manufactured goods.
* The foreign debts remained very high
* He increased the price of oil
* By 1978, the economy was characterized by galloping inflation
* Failed to control and enforce price increase.
* Collapse of industry due to lack of raw materials leading to unemployment
* Failed to completely wipe out corruption among the military administrators and civilians.
* He became a dictator
* Rigged the march 1978 rependom meant for a union government between military and opposition groups.
* Gross human rights abuse
* Loss of property
* Loss of lives.

Etc 25 mks

**9. Examine the impact of foreign aid in the development of African economies**

**Preamble**

Candidates are expected to identify and explain the positive role of foreign aid in the development of African economies and other factors which work alongside foreign aid.

Points to consider.

Source of capital needed for investment

Fills the man power gap-expatriate factor

Enables infrastructural development

Provides machinery

**10. Account for the wide spread famine in the post independent states of Africa.**

Candidates are expected to identify and explain the causes of famine in Africa

Specific examples are required

**Points to consider**

* Definition of famine and countries of Africa affected by famine
* Wide spread conflict such as civil wars which cause chaos e.g Ethiopia, Somalia, sudan.
* Poverty
* Lack of press to expose areas hit by food security
* Environmental damage
* Lack of storage facilities during times of plenty
* Drought
* Production failure
* Inaccessibility to areas with food
* Cash crop craze
* Response failure
* Land shortage/competition
* Natural calamities such as locust invasion and floods.
* Water shortage
* Refugee problem
* Poor government policies.

25mks